

as early as May? Would the seeds or berries in which the larva feeds be then ready for oviposition?

References

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Note

It is clear from a number of sources that *P. conwagana* had an exceptionally good year in 1987. My Orpington (Kent) trap usually yields 3 or 4 specimens per year, generally in July. In 1987 the tally was 19 June – 31 July, 85, (82 before 15 July); 28 August – 3 September, 2, and a single specimen on the night of 30th October! Ian Ferguson, who also runs a trap in Orpington, logged 90 specimens between 10 June and 27 July. — PAUL SOKOLOFF.



SECOND GENERATION LARVA OF EPERMENIA ILLIGERELLA (HBN.) (LEP.: EPERMENIIDAE) — Emmet ([1979] *A field guide to the smaller British Lepidoptera*: 77) states that the second generation larva of *Epermenia illigerella* occurs in umbels of *Angelica sylvestris*. I have bred the second generation several times from larvae collected in July and have never found them in the umbels. On every occasion the larva mined the stem of a side umbel, commencing immediately below the umbel and mining towards the main stem. The larva vacated the stem to pupate by a small exit hole made just before the stem joined the main stem. Affected plants are fairly easy to see as the mined stem droops and the umbel withers. — R. J. HECKFORD, 67, Newnham Road, Plympton, Plymouth.